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Juniper

JN0-363

Service Provider Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-SP)









Question: 17

You want to see a detailed list of all established BGP sessions.

In this scenario, what would be a valid command to accomplish this task?

- A. show bgp neighbor
- B. show bgp summary
- C. show rouse receive-protocol bgp <neighbor IP address>
- D. show rouse protocol bgp

Answer: A

Question: 18

Exhibit

```
■\ Exhibit
user@R1> show bgp summary
Threading mode: BGF I/O
Default eBGP mode: advertise - accept, receive - accept
Groups: 1 Peers: 1 Down peers: 1
Table
             Tot Paths Act Paths Suppressed History Damp State
inet.0
                                  0
                                           0
                                                       0
                                                                  0
                                 InPkt
                                           OutPkt
                                                    OutQ Flaps Last Up/Dwn
State| #Active/Received/Accepted/Damped...
192.168.200.2
                      64512
                                                                     1:01 Active
user@R1> show configuration routing-options
autonomous-system 64512;
user@R1> show configuration protocols
    group Internal (
        type internal;
        local-address 192.168.200.1;
        neighbor 192.168.200.2;
```

Referring to the exhibit, internal BGP between R1 and R2 is not establishing.

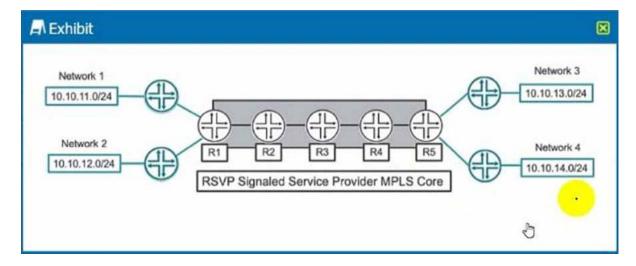
What is the problem In this scenario?

- A. R1 does not have a route to 192.168.200.2.
- B. R1 and R2 must each have unique AS numbers.
- C. R1 needs to be configured with an explicit router I
- D. R1 needs to be configured with a next-hop self policy.

Answer: B

Question: 19

Exhibit



Which two statements are correct about the service provider MPLS network shown in the exhibit? (Choose two.)

A. R3 is considered a P router.

B. R3 is considered a PE router.

C. R3 is considered a transit router.

D. R3 is considered an ingress router.

Answer: A,B

Question: 20

Exhibit

```
= \ Exhibit
                                                                                       ×
[edit]
user@R1# show policy-options
policy-statement next-hop-self-policy {
    term alter-next-hop {
        then {
            next-hop self;
 [edit]
user@R1# show protocols bgp
group int-64503 (
    type internal;
    local-address 192.168.100.1;
    neighbor 192.168.100.2;
group ext-64501 (
    type external;
    peer-AS 64501;
    neighbor 172.30.1.2;
```

Referring to the exhibit, where should next-hop-self-policy be applied to alter the next-hop value?

- A. The policy is applied as an export policy for the group int-64503.
- B. The policy is applied as an export policy for the group ext-64501.
- C. The policy is applied as an import policy for the group int- 64 503.
- D. The policy is applied as an Import policy for the group ext-64501.

Answer: A

Question: 21

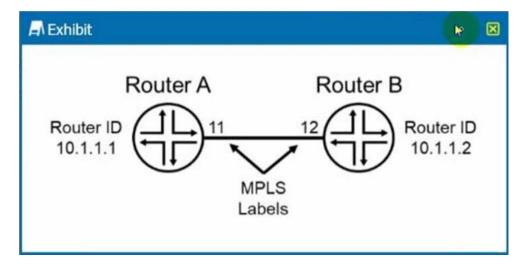
Which statement describes integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces?

- A. An IRB interface Is an IP gateway For hosts of a bridge domain.
- B. An IRB interface assigns interfaces to VLANs.
- C. An IRB interface enables Layer 2 switching on the router.
- D. An IRB interface defines a bridge domain.

Answer: A

Question: 22

Exhibit



The routers shown in the exhibit ate configured for segment routing.

In this scenario, what is the adjacency SIO that Router B advertises to Router A?

A. 12

B. 10.1.1.1

C. 10.1.1.2

D. 11

Answer: B

Question: 23

You have created a routing instance named vr3 that will provide access to Server 2 (10.0.0.2) (or the hosts on the 10.10.10.0/24 network.

Which command would you use to test connectivity between vr3 and Server 2?

A. user@vr3> ping 10.0.0.2 count 5

B. user@vr3> ping 10.0.0.2 count 5 source 10.10.10.1

C. user9router1> ping 10.0.0.2 count 5

D. user@router1> ping 10.0.0.2 routing-instance vr3 count 5

Answer: D

Question: 24

Which configuration selling prohibits a static route from being redistributed by a dynamic routing protocol?

A. route-filter

B. no-readvertise

C. qualified-next-hop

D. passive

Answer: B

Question: 25

Exhibit

```
user@R2> show ospf interface extensive
Interface State Area DR ID BDR ID Nbrs
ge-0/0/3.0 DR 0.0.0.1 192.168.1.2 192.168.1.1 1 Type: LAN, Address: 172.26.1.2, Mask:
255.255.255.252, MTU: 1500, Cost: 1
DR addr: 172.26.1.2, BDR addr: 172.26.1.1, Priority: 128, Adj count: 1
Hello: 10, Dead: 40, ReXmit: 5, Not Stub
Auth type: None Topology default (ID 0) -> Cost: 0
ge-0/0/1.0 BDR 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.3 192.168.1.2 1
Type: LAN, Address: 172.26.2.1, Mask: 255.255.255.252, MTU: 1500, Cost: 1
DR addr: 172.26.2.2, BDR addr: 172.26.2.1, Priority: 128, Adj count: 1 Hello: 10,
Dead: 40, ReXmit: 5, Not Stub
Auth type: None
Topology default (ID 0) -> Cost: 0
```

Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. The OSPF Interfaces are configured as point-to-point.
- B. The ge-0/0'1.0 Interface is configured as passive.
- C. The R2 device is an AB
- D. Junos OS default OSPF hello timers and dead intervals are used on all interfaces.

Answer: A,C

Question: 26

You are asked to create connections between routing instances on the same Junos device and route between the connected Instances.

What are two ways to accomplish this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Use physical interfaces.
- B. Use an IRB interface.
- C. Use logical tunnel interfaces.
- D. Use loopback interfaces.

Answer: A,B,C

Question: 27

Exhibit.

```
- Exhibit
[edit routing-options]
user@router# show
aggregate (
route 172.21.0.0/22;
[edit routing-options]
user@router# run show route protocol aggregate
inet.0: 21 destinations, 21 routes (20 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
inet6.0: 10 destinations, 10 routes (10 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden
 fedia sentiae certanni
[edit routing-options]
user@router# run show route hidden
inet.0: 21 destinations, 21 routes (20 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both
172.21.0.0/22
                 [Aggregate] 00:12:09
                      Reject
inet6.0: 10 destinations, 10 routes (10 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden
```

Referring to the exhibit, you have configured an aggregate route that represents the 172.21.0.0/24, 172.21.1.0/24, and 172.21.2.0/24 networks. However, when you view the routing table, your new route hidden.

Which action would you perform to determine the problem?

- A. Verify that you have active contributing routes on the device.
- B. Verify that you have configured a policy on the device to accept aggregate routes.
- C. Verify that you have defined a metric value for the aggregate route.
- D. Verify that you have set the preference to a lower default value.

Answer: A

Question: 28

You are adding an IPv6 configuration to an Interface on a Junos device.

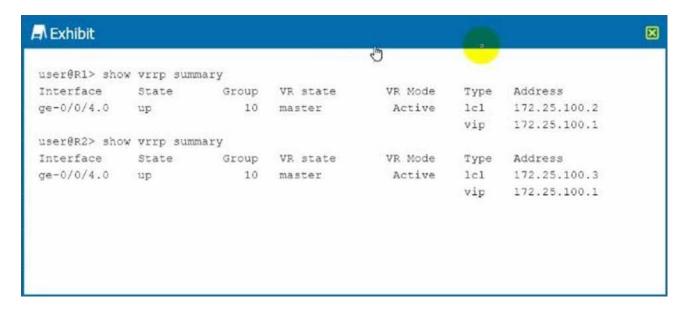
In this scenario, which statement is correct?

- A. The link local address must be manually configured within the fdO0::/8 prefix range.
- B. The link local address must be manually configured within the fe80::/10 prefix range.
- C. The link local address is automatically created using the MAC address within the fe80::'10 prefix range.
- D. The link local address is automatically created using the MAC address within the fd00::/8 prefix range.

Answer: C

Question: 29

Exhibit



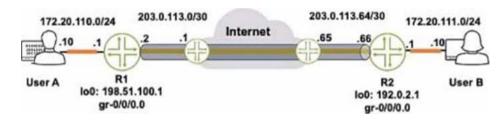
Referring to the exhibit, which statement is true about VRRP?

- A. VRRP communication between the two devices is not functioning correctly.
- B. Both routers are in the same state because they have the same VRRP priority.
- C. RRP Is functioning normally in active/active mode.
- D. The routers should use different virtual IP addresses for VRRP to function correctly.

Answer: A

Question: 30

Exhibit



Referring to the exhibit, how do you verify the status of the tunnel from R1?

- A. Issue the ping 172.20.111.10 source 172.20.110.1 command.
- B. Issue the ping 172.20.111.10 source 198.51.100.1 command.
- C. Issue the ping 172.20.iii.io source 203.0.113.2 command.
- D. Issue the ping 172.20. Ill. 10 command.

Answer: C



SAMPLE QUESTIONS

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